



Access to Higher Education: Applying to Higher Education 2017

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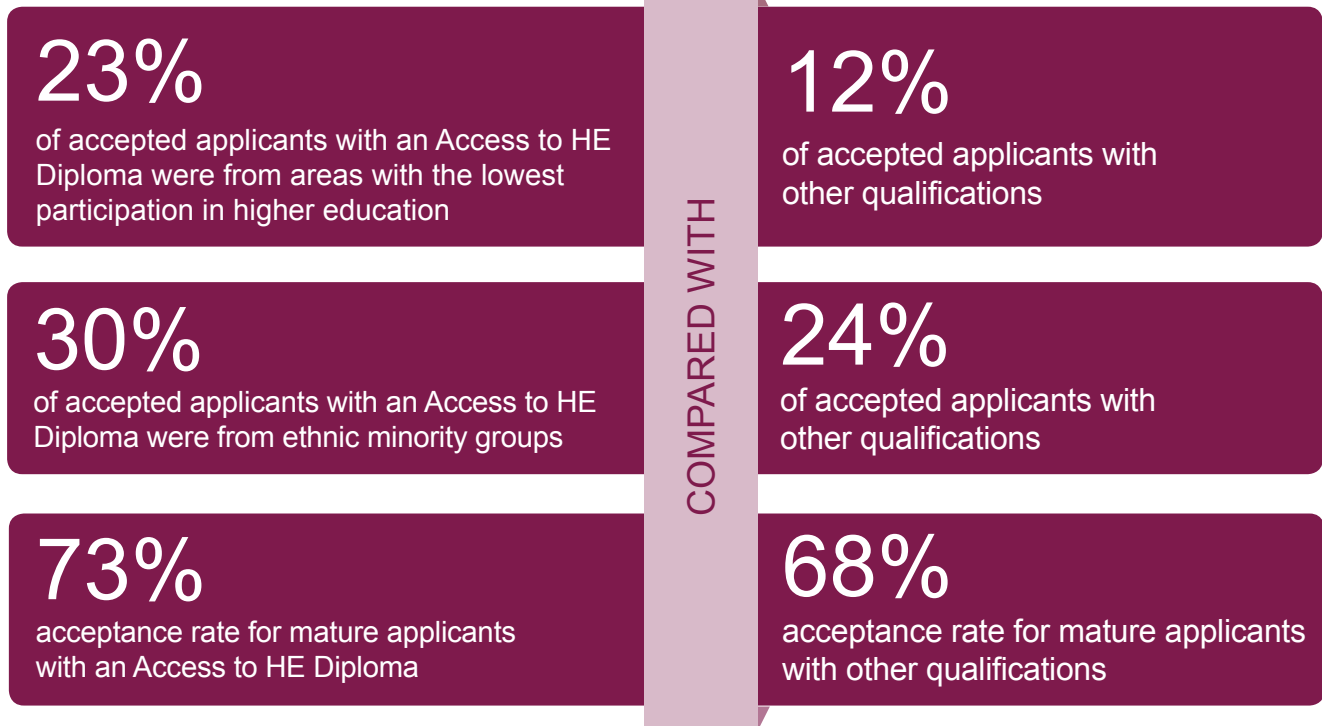
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Executive summary

In the 2017 UCAS cycle, there were 33,345 applicants with an Access to HE Diploma. Of these, 24,365 were accepted by higher education providers in the UK. Key findings from the year's report concerning Access to HE students applying to higher education are as follows:

211 higher education providers in the UK accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma





Access to HE Diploma applicants to higher education, 2017 UCAS cycle

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Introduction

This report by QAA summarises data about applicants and accepted applicants holding an Access to Higher Education (Access to HE) Diploma in the 2017 UCAS cycle (applicants for the 2017-18 academic year). A range of student characteristics are analysed. These include age, gender, ethnicity and region of domicile. The type and location of higher education providers to which Access to HE students apply is also considered, as well as the subjects chosen by Access to HE applicants.

Data received by QAA from Access Validating Agencies, the Education and Skills Funding Agency and the Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA) concerning Access to HE Diploma courses and students, and Access to HE students in higher education, is published in two separate reports.

UCAS data includes applicants to full-time degrees, foundation degrees and Diplomas of Higher Education, and Higher National Diploma and Higher National Certificate courses at higher education providers in the UCAS scheme.

All applicants who are resident within the UK are included in this report.

Access to HE applicants are defined as any applicant who held a QAA-recognised Access to HE Diploma, regardless of other qualifications held.

All tables and figures in this report are based on UCAS applicant or accepted applicant data. The number of unique applicants is defined as the number of applicants making at least one choice through the UCAS main scheme (which excludes Clearing, Extra, Adjustment and RPAs). Each applicant can make up to five choices.

In this report, the number of unique applicants is shown for two different choice level characteristics (subject group and higher education providers). The count of unique applicants does not reconcile between these two different choice level characteristics.

All figures relating to students have been rounded to the nearest five. Due to rounding, totals may not equal 100%. Totals may also vary between sections.

1 Overview

In the 2017 UCAS cycle:

- there were 33,345 UCAS applicants with an Access to HE Diploma - 24,365 (73%) of these applications were accepted
- applicants holding an Access to HE Diploma made up 5.7% of all applications
- accepted applicants holding an Access to HE Diploma made up 5% of all accepted applications.

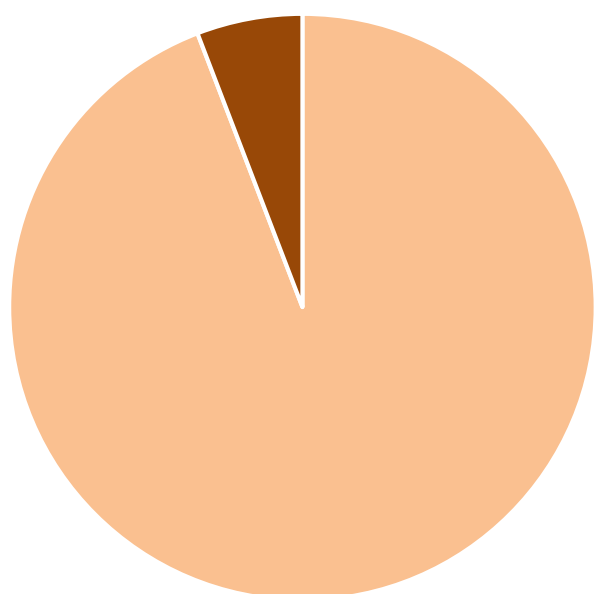
Table 1a: UCAS applicants and accepted applicants by qualification held

Qualification held	Applicants (% of all applicants)	Applicants accepted (% of all accepted applicants)
Access to HE Diploma	33,345 (5.8%)	24,365 (5.2%)
Other qualification	538,920 (94.2%)	438,555 (94.7%)
Total	572,265	462,920

2017 entry saw an increase in the proportion of applicants accepted with Access to HE Diplomas despite a fall in the number of applications made. Table 1a shows the number and proportion of applicants and accepted applicants who held an Access to HE Diploma, alongside the number and proportion of applicants and accepted applicants with other qualifications.

Figure 1b illustrates the proportion of accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma and the proportion with other qualifications.

Figure 1b: UCAS-accepted applicants by qualification held



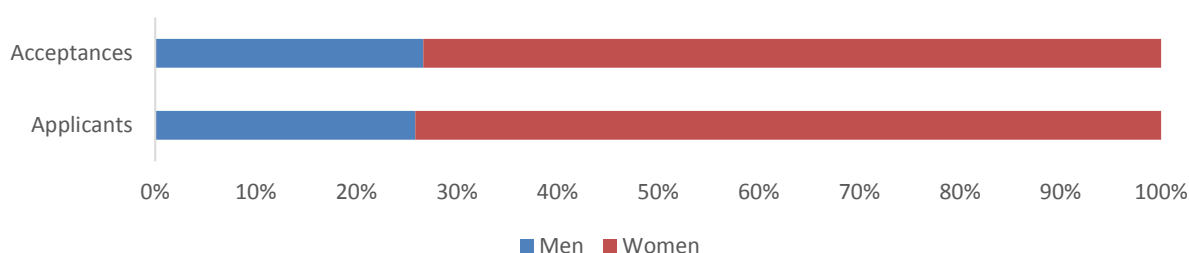
■ Other applicants ■ Applicants with Access to HE Diploma

2 Student characteristics: Gender and age

In the 2017 UCAS cycle:

- 74% of applicants with an Access to HE Diploma were women; 26% were men
- 73% of accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma were women; 27% were men.

Figure 2a: UCAS applicants and accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma by gender



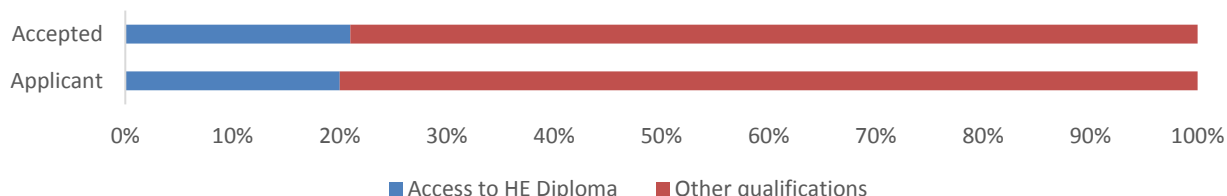
Access to HE students made up 6% of all applications to UCAS (33,345 applications). Of these Access to HE students, 86% of applicants and 85% of accepted applicants were aged 21 and over. This compares with 21% of applicants with other qualifications and 18% of accepted applicants with other qualifications in the same age range.

Table 2b: UCAS-accepted applicants by age, gender and qualification held

Accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma						
Age	Men (as % of all Access to HE acceptances)		Women (as % of all Access to HE acceptances)		Total (as % of all Access to HE acceptances)	
Under 21	1,180	5%	2,415	10%	3,595	15%
21 plus	5,315	22%	15,455	63%	20,770	85%
Total	6,495	27%	17,870	73%	24,365	
Accepted applicants with other qualifications						
Age	Men (as % of other acceptances)		Women (as % of other acceptances)		Total (as % of other acceptances)	
Under 21	161,360	84%	199,030	81%	360,390	82%
21 plus	31,495	16%	46,695	19%	78,190	18%
Total	192,855		245,725		462,945	

Applicants with an Access to HE Diploma made up 20% of all UCAS applications by UK-domiciled mature applicants and 21% of all UCAS acceptances by UK-domiciled mature students.

Figure 2b: Proportion of mature applicants and accepted applicants by qualification



Applicants aged 20-29 accounted for almost two-thirds (62%) of applicants and accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma compared with 18% of accepted applicants with other qualifications. This is shown in table 2d.

Figure 2c: Proportion of accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma by age

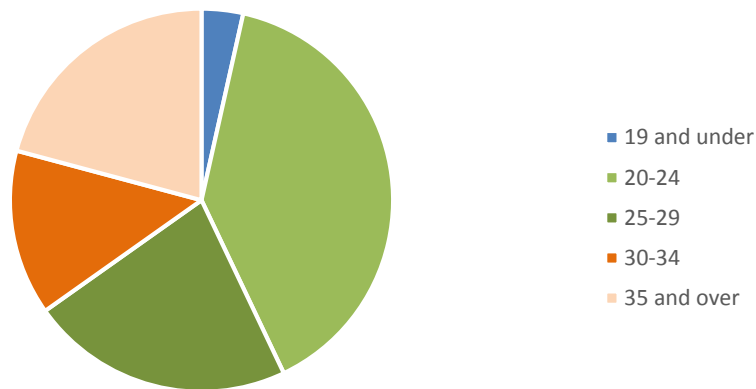


Table 2d: UCAS-accepted applicants by qualification and age band

Age	Access to HE (% of all applicants with Access to HE Diplomas)		Other qualifications (% of all applicants with other qualifications)		Total (% of all applicants)	
	Count	Percentage	Count	Percentage	Count	Percentage
19 and under	855	(4%)	330,470	(75%)	331,325	(72%)
20-24	9,605	(39%)	67,960	(15%)	77,565	(17%)
25-29	5,425	(22%)	15,330	(3%)	20,755	(4%)
30-34	3,405	(14%)	8,440	(2%)	11,845	(3%)
35 and over	5,075	(21%)	16,355	(4%)	21,430	(5%)
Total	24,365		438,555		462,920	

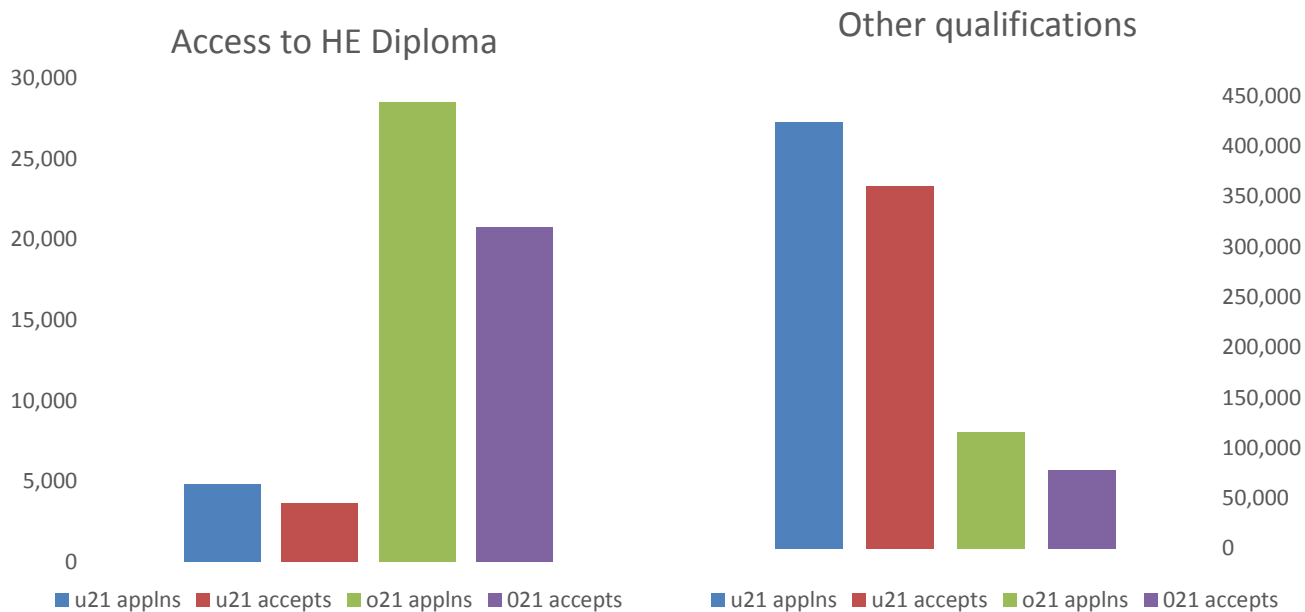
Figure 2d: UCAS-accepted applicants by qualification and age (2017)



The acceptance rate for mature students with an Access to HE Diploma was higher than for mature students with other qualifications (73% compared with 68%).

Table 2f: UCAS-accepted applicants by qualification and age

Access to HE Diploma			
Age	Applicants	Accepted applicants	Acceptance rate
Under 21	4,815	3,595	75%
21 and over	28,530	20,770	73%
Total	33,345	24,365	73%
Other qualifications			
Age	Applicants	Accepted applicants	Acceptance rate
Under 21	423,595	360,390	85%
21 and over	115,355	78,190	68%
Total	538,950	438,580	81%



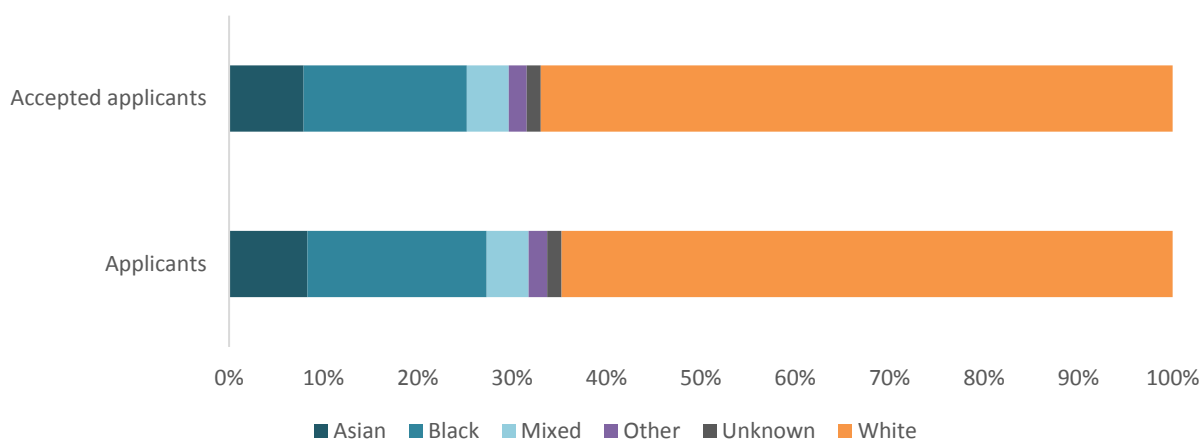
3 Student characteristics: Ethnic origin

Ethnic origin data is requested from UK-domiciled applicants through the UCAS application process, although provision of this information is not compulsory.

In the 2017 UCAS cycle:

- 32% of applicants with an Access to HE Diploma were from ethnic minority groups
 - 19% were black
 - 8% were Asian
 - 4% were of mixed or multiple ethnic backgrounds
- 65% were white
- 30% of accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma were from ethnic minority groups
 - 17% were black
 - 8% were Asian
 - 5% were of mixed or multiple ethnic backgrounds
- 68% were white.

Figure 3a: Access to HE applicants and accepted applicants by ethnic background



The highest proportion of accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma (after men and women with white ethnic backgrounds) were women with a black ethnic background; 12% of applicants with an Access to HE Diploma were women with a black ethnic background, compared with 4% of applicants with other qualifications. Overall, 17% of applicants with an Access to HE Diploma had a black ethnic background, compared with 8% of applicants with other qualifications. Table 3b provides the ethnic breakdown and gender of accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma, compared with accepted applicants with other qualifications.

Table 3b: UCAS-accepted applicants by ethnic background, gender and age

Accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma						
Ethnicity	Men (% of all Access accepted applicants)		Women (% of all accepted applicants)		Total (% of all Access accepted applicants)	
	Asian	760	3%	1,160	5%	1,920
Black	1,200	5%	3,015	12%	4,215	17%
Mixed	275	1%	810	3%	1,085	4%
White	3,910	16%	12,405	51%	16,315	67%
Other	190	1%	275	1%	465	2%
Unknown	160	1%	205	1%	365	1%
Total	6,495	27%	17,870	73%	24,365	

Accepted applicants with other qualifications						
Ethnicity	Men (% of all		Women (% of all		Total (% of all	
	Asian	25,745	6%	27,100	6%	52,845
Black	14,580	3%	19,430	4%	34,010	8%
Mixed	8,525	2%	10,840	2%	19,365	4%
White	136,955	31%	180,850	41%	317,80	72%
Other	3,980	1%	4,395	1%	8,375	2%
Unknown	3,070	1%	3,085	1%	6,155	1%
Total	192,855	44%	245,700	56%	438,55	

Figure 3c: UCAS-accepted applicants by qualification and ethnic background

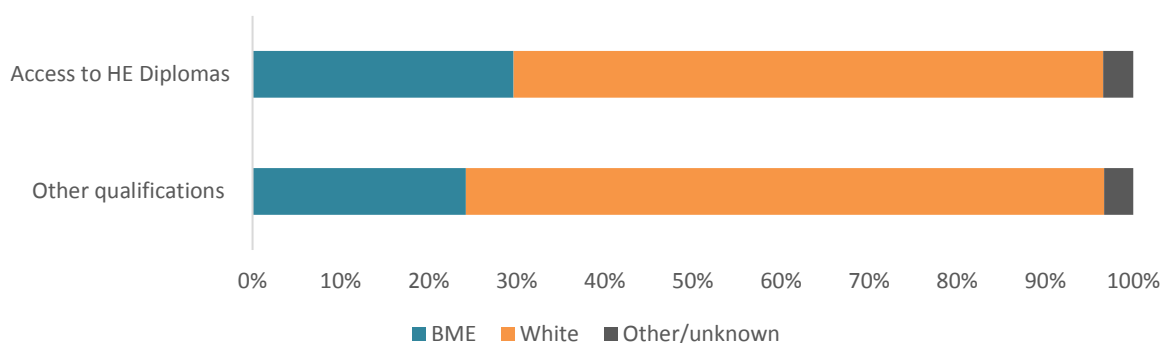


Figure 3c shows the ethnic breakdown of accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma compared with accepted applicants with other qualifications. It shows that 30% of accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma had Asian, black or mixed ethnic backgrounds, compared with 24% of accepted applicants with other qualifications.

4 Student characteristics: Region of permanent residence

In the 2017 UCAS cycle:

- 30% of accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma were resident in the North of England (North East, North West, and Yorkshire and the Humber) (22% of those with other qualifications)
- 21% were resident in the South (South East and South West) (21% of those with other qualifications)
- 19% were resident in the Midlands (West Midlands and East Midlands) (15% of those with other qualifications)
- 15% were resident in London (18% of those with other qualifications)
- 8% were resident in the East of England (9% of those with other qualifications)
- 6% were resident in Wales (4% of those with other qualifications)
- 1% of accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma were resident in Northern Ireland and Scotland (12% of those with other qualifications). This is probably because there are no Access Validating Agencies regulated by QAA based in Northern Ireland or Scotland and the majority of access courses in these areas are not regulated by QAA.

Table 4a: Unique applicants and accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma by applicant region of domicile

Applicant region of domicile	Number of unique applicants with an Access to HE Diploma (% of unique applicants with an Access to HE Diploma)		Number of accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma (% of accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma)		Acceptance rate
East Midlands	9,020	(8%)	1,855	(8%)	21%
East of England	8,640	(7%)	1,975	(8%)	23%
London	21,805	(19%)	3,605	(15%)	17%
North East	6,590	(6%)	1,815	(8%)	28%
North West	14,545	(13%)	3,055	(13%)	21%
Northern Ireland	1,085	(1%)	250	(1%)	23%
Scotland	425	(>1%)	80	(>1%)	19%
South East	14,765	(13%)	2,810	(12%)	19%
South West	9,040	(8%)	2,205	(9%)	24%
Wales	5,320	(5%)	1,355	(6%)	25%
West Midlands	13,250	(12%)	2,665	(11%)	20%
Yorkshire and the Humber	10,045	(9%)	2,185	(9%)	22%

Table 4b shows the number and proportion of applicants with an Access to HE Diploma that were accepted by a higher education provider in their region of domicile. The proportion of accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma accepted by a higher education provider in their region of domicile rose by four percentage points to 79% for 2017 entry. In some regions, the percentage of Access to HE applicants accepted by a higher education provider in their region of domicile was higher than 79%. This indicates that most students with an Access to HE Diploma remained in their local area to study in higher education. This is also illustrated by the map at figure 4c.

The proportion of applications to higher education providers in applicants' region of domicile ranged from 42% (South East) to 89% (Scotland). The average was 62%.

Table 4b: Accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma who were accepted by a provider in their region of domicile

Applicant region of domicile	Applicants with an Access to HE Diploma (% of accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma in that region)	
East Midlands	1,855	(73%)
East of England	1,975	(67%)
London	3,605	(72%)
North East	1,815	(93%)
North West	3,055	(85%)
Northern Ireland	250	(94%)
Scotland	80	(94%)
South East	2,810	(54%)
South West	2,205	(75%)
Wales	1,355	(83%)
West Midlands	2,665	(80%)
Yorkshire and the Humber	2,185	(78%)

Figure 4c: Map showing the number of accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma by region



5 Student characteristics: Participation of local areas

The POLAR3 classification groups small areas across the UK into five Quintile groups according to their rate of young participation in higher education in the early 2000s. In Quintile 1, fewer than one in five young people enter higher education, compared with well over half in Quintile 5. Each Quintile represents around 20% of the young population. Further information on the POLAR classification can be found on the [Office for Students](#) website.¹

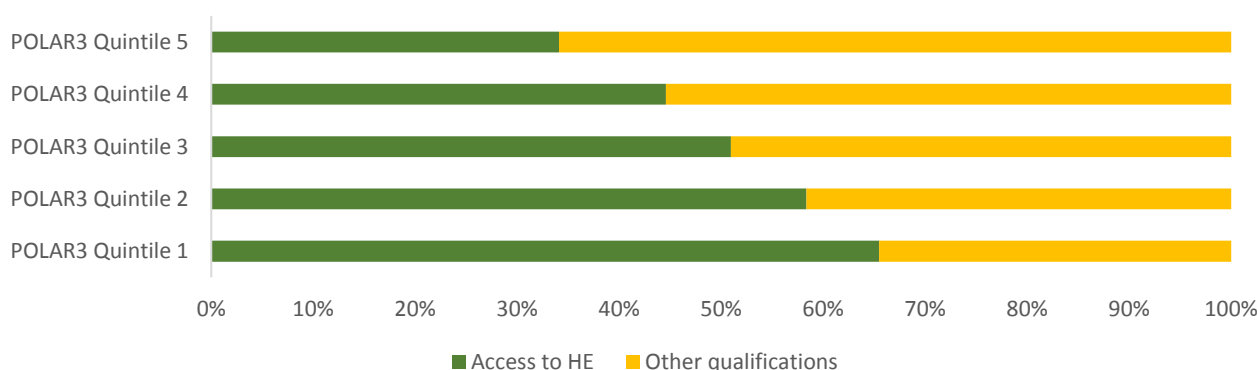
Table 5a provides the number and proportion of accepted applicants from each POLAR3 Quintile by qualification. It shows that 23% of accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma were from POLAR3 Quintile 1 areas, which have the lowest participation in higher education (most disadvantaged). This compares with 12% of accepted applicants with other qualifications. The largest proportion of accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma were from POLAR3 Quintile 1 and 2 areas, compared with the largest proportion of accepted applicants with other qualifications, who were from POLAR3 Quintile 5 areas (most advantaged).

Table 5a: Accepted applicants by qualification and POLAR3 classification

Accepted applicants			
	Access to HE (as % of all Access to HE accepted applicants)	Other qualifications (as % of all accepted applicants with other qualifications)	Total (as % of all accepted applicants)
POLAR3 Quintile 1	5,655 (23%)	53,660 (12%)	59,315 (13%)
POLAR3 Quintile 2	5,520 (23%)	70,890 (16%)	76,410 (16%)
POLAR3 Quintile 3	5,100 (21%)	88,300 (20%)	93,400 (20%)
POLAR3 Quintile 4	4,425 (18%)	99,005 (23%)	103,430 (22%)
POLAR3 Quintile 5	3,605 (15%)	125,435 (29%)	129,040 (28%)
Not assigned	60 (>1%)	1,265 (>1%)	1,325 (>1%)
Total	24,365	438,555	462,920

The proportion of accepted applicants in each of the five POLAR3 Quintiles by qualification is shown in figures 5a and 5b.

Figure 5a: Accepted applicants by qualification and POLAR3 classification



¹ POLAR - Participation of Local Areas, available at: www.officeforstudents.org.uk/data-and-analysis/polar-participation-of-local-areas

Figure 5b: Accepted applicants by qualification and POLAR3 classification

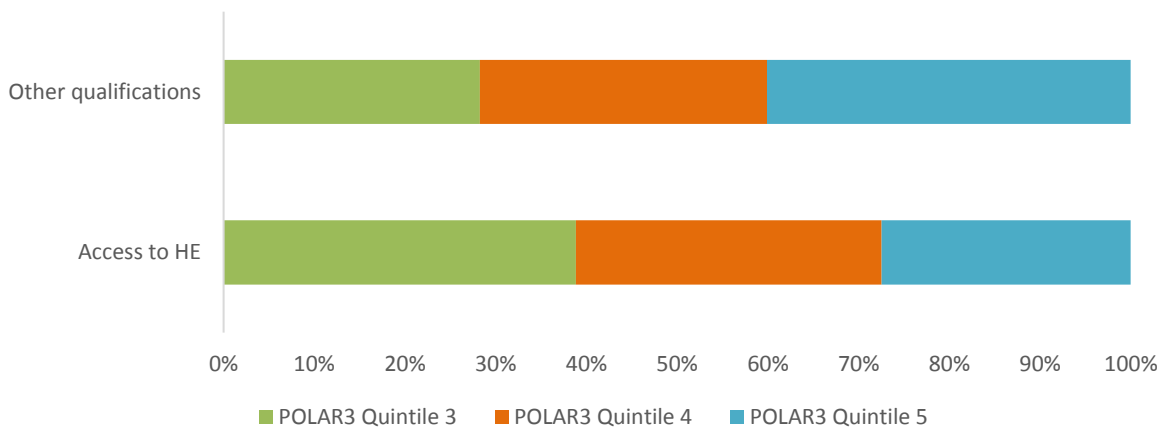
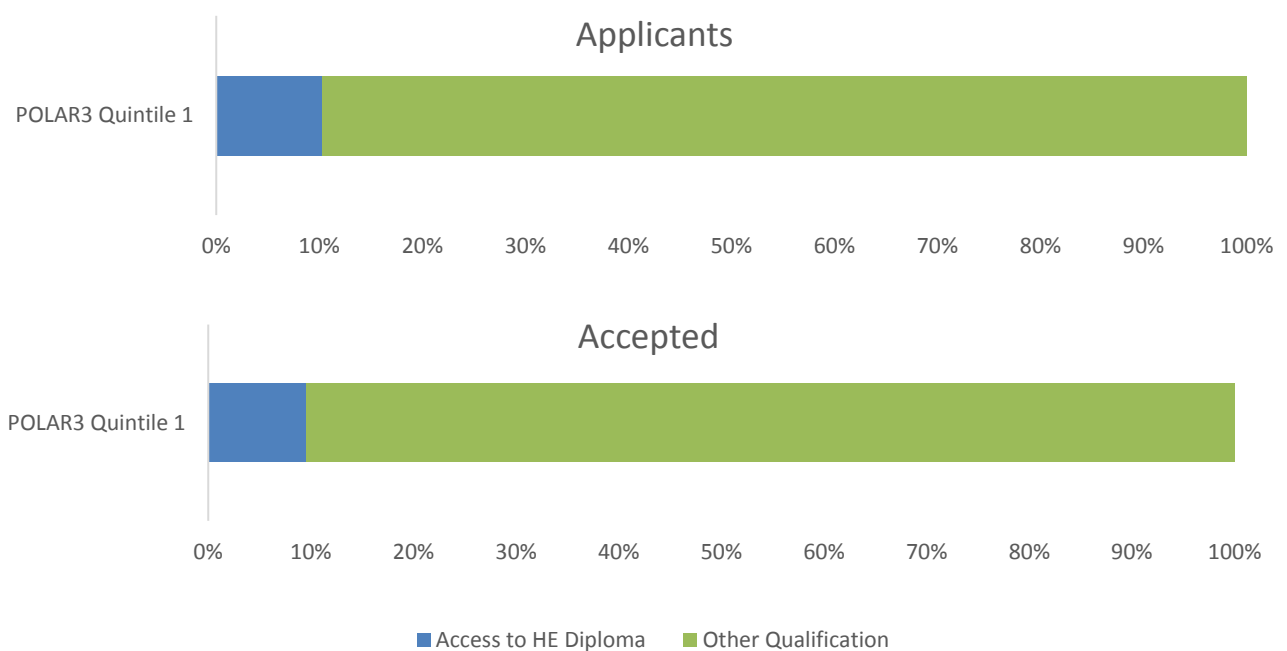


Figure 5c depicts the proportion of applicants and accepted applicants resident in POLAR3 Quintile 1 areas (lowest participation) with an Access to HE Diploma, and those with other qualifications. In the 2017 UCAS cycle, applicants with an Access to HE Diploma accounted for 10% of all applicants, and 10% of all accepted applicants from areas with the lowest participation in higher education (most disadvantaged); 3% of accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma were resident in POLAR3 Quintile 5 (most advantaged).

Figure 5c: Applicants and accepted applicants from areas with the lowest participation in higher education (POLAR3 Quintile 1) by qualification



6 Subject groups

JACS 3.0 is the system owned and maintained by UCAS and HESA that is used to code subjects of higher education courses.

Where applicants apply to subjects in more than one group, the group listed most frequently on the application form is counted (predominant subject). This can create the impression for some subject groups that there are more people accepted than applied. Where a predominant subject group cannot be established, the applicant is categorised as being 'unknown'.

In the 2017 UCAS cycle:

- 48% of accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma applied for courses in medicine, dentistry and subjects allied to medicine, such as nursing, midwifery, physiotherapy and radiography
- other popular subjects among applicants with an Access to HE Diploma included social studies (11%), biological sciences (9%), business and admin studies (5%) and law (4%).

Figure 6a illustrates the number of accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma by the predominant subject of the course onto which they were accepted.

Figure 6a: Accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma by subject

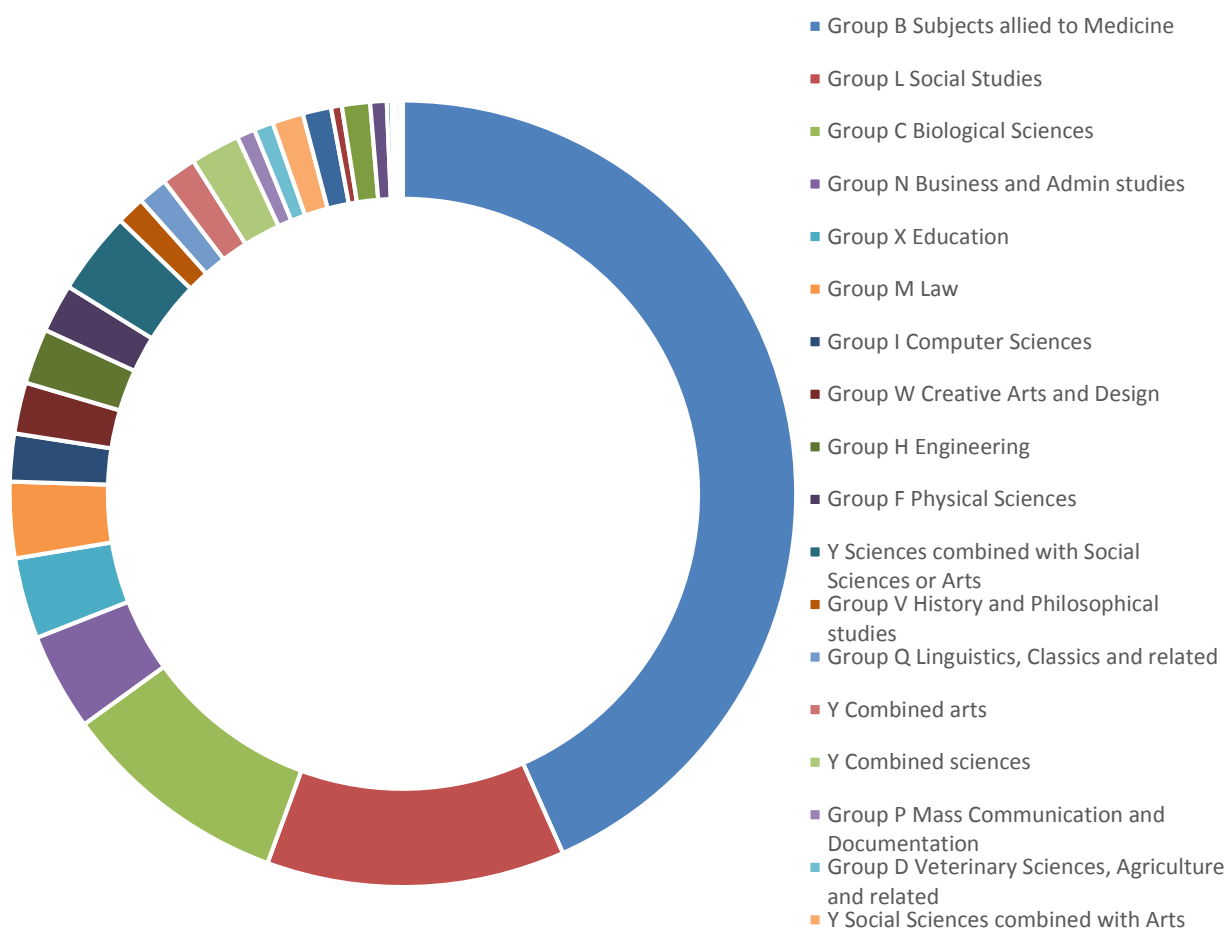


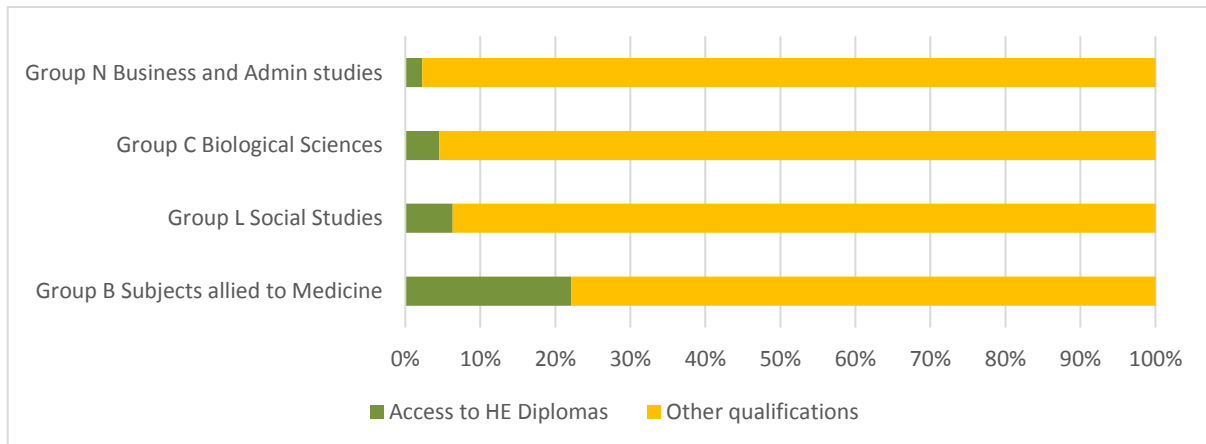
Table 6b gives the predominant JACS3 subject group for unique applicants and accepted applicants, with applicants with an Access to HE Diploma separated from applicants with other qualifications.

Table 6b: Accepted applicants by qualification and subject group

JACS3 subject group	Accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma (% of all accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma)		Accepted applicants with other qualifications (% of all accepted applicants with other qualifications)		Total accepted applicants (% of all accepted applicants)	
A - Medicine and dentistry	85	(>1%)	8,080	(2%)	8,165	(2%)
B - Subjects allied to medicine	11,580	(48%)	40,740	(9%)	52,320	(11%)
C - Biological sciences	2,210	(9%)	46,665	(11%)	48,875	(11%)
D - Veterinary sciences, agriculture and related	170	(1%)	6,135	(1%)	6,305	(1%)
F - Physical sciences	435	(2%)	17,395	(4%)	17,830	(4%)
G - Mathematical sciences	35	(>1%)	7,560	(2%)	7,595	(2%)
H - Engineering	585	(2%)	23,295	(5%)	23,880	(5%)
I - Computer sciences	605	(2%)	23,045	(5%)	23,650	(5%)
J - Technologies	30	(>1%)	1,575	(>1%)	1,605	(>1%)
K - Architecture, building and planning	140	(1%)	7,410	(2%)	7,550	(2%)
L - Social studies	2,775	(11%)	41,160	(9%)	43,935	(9%)
M - Law	865	(4%)	20,165	(5%)	21,030	(5%)
N - Business and admin studies	1,195	(5%)	52,105	(12%)	53,300	(12%)
P - Mass communication and documentation	175	(1%)	11,525	(3%)	11,700	(3%)
Q - Linguistics, classics and related	275	(1%)	10,475	(2%)	10,750	(2%)
R - European languages, literature and related	20	(>1%)	3,055	(1%)	3,075	(1%)
T - Non-European languages, literature and related	30	(>1%)	950	(>1%)	980	(>1%)
V - History and philosophical studies	310	(1%)	13,345	(3%)	13,655	(3%)
W - Creative arts and design	600	(2%)	46,660	(11%)	47,260	(10%)
X - Education	915	(4%)	18,475	(4%)	19,390	(4%)
Y - Combined arts	240	(1%)	7,575	(2%)	7,815	(2%)
Y - Combined sciences	235	(1%)	5,015	(1%)	5,250	(1%)
Y - Combined social sciences	145	(1%)	4,210	(1%)	4,355	(1%)
Y - Sciences combined with social sciences or arts	420	(2%)	9,205	(2%)	9,625	(2%)
Y - Social sciences combined with arts	160	(1%)	7,790	(2%)	7,950	(2%)
Z - General, other combined and unknown	70	(>1%)	5,025	(1%)	5,095	(1%)
Total	24,305		436,635		462,290	

Figure 6c shows the proportion of accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma, and the proportion of accepted applicants with other qualifications, for the five subject groups most popular with Access to HE applicants. In the 2017 UCAS cycle, Access to HE students accounted for 22% of all accepted applicants on courses in subjects allied to medicine.

Figure 6c: Accepted applicants by qualification and subject (over 1,000 Access to HE accepted applicants)



7 Institutions

In the 2017 UCAS cycle, applicants with an Access to HE Diploma applied to 264 higher education providers in the UK and were accepted by 211.

Higher education in the UK is delivered by a range of different providers, including universities and further education colleges, which are publicly funded (either directly or indirectly), and alternative (private) providers, which are not publicly funded. Most Access to HE applicants apply to, and are accepted by, publicly funded universities (as shown in Tables 7a and 7b).

Table 7a: Providers that received unique applications from Access to HE applicants and accepted Access to HE applicants by type of provider

Type of provider	Providers that received unique applications from Access to HE applicants (% of providers)		Providers that accepted Access to HE applicants (% of providers)	
University	148	(56%)	133	(63%)
Further education college	102	(39%)	72	(34%)
Alternative provider	14	(5%)	6	(3%)
Total	264		211	

Table 7b: Unique applicants and accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma by type of provider

Type of provider	Unique applicants with an Access to HE Diploma (% of unique Access to HE applicants)		Accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma (% of accepted Access to HE applicants)	
University	109,950	(96%)	22,390	(94%)
Further education college	4,425	(4%)	1,420	(6%)
Alternative provider	155	(>1%)	45	(>1%)
Total	114,530		23,855	

Some students with an Access to HE Diploma apply directly to higher education providers (that is, not through UCAS), so there will be some applicants and accepted applicants to higher education providers in the UK not included in the data. Direct entry often takes place in further education colleges that offer higher education courses, with students completing their further and higher education at the same institution. As most Access to HE Diploma courses (80% in 2016-17) are provided by further education colleges, it is likely that some Access to HE students apply directly to a higher education course at the college where they completed their Access to HE Diploma.

Table 7c shows the number of providers in each UK region that received unique applications from applicants with an Access to HE Diploma, and accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma. It shows that the largest number of providers that accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma was in London.

Table 7c: Providers that received unique applications from Access to HE applicants and accepted Access to HE applicants by region of provider

Region of provider	Providers that received unique applications from Access to HE applicants (% of providers)		Providers that accepted Access to HE applicants (% of providers)	
London	47	(18%)	32	(15%)
South East	33	(13%)	28	(13%)
North West	31	(12%)	23	(11%)
South West	30	(11%)	27	(13%)
Yorkshire and the Humber	28	(11%)	24	(11%)
West Midlands	18	(7%)	14	(7%)
Scotland	17	(6%)	11	(5%)
East Midlands	16	(6%)	13	(6%)
East of England	16	(6%)	15	(7%)
Wales	14	(5%)	13	(6%)
North East	11	(4%)	8	(4%)
Northern Ireland	3	(1%)	3	(1%)
Total	264		211	

Table 7d: Unique applicants² and accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma by region of provider

Region of provider	Unique applicants with an Access to HE Diploma (% of unique Access to HE applicants)		Accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma (% of accepted Access to HE applicants)	
London	22,455	(20%)	3,555	(15%)
North West	15,935	(14%)	3,125	(13%)
West Midlands	13,565	(12%)	2,700	(11%)
Yorkshire and the Humber	12,410	(11%)	2,290	(10%)
South East	11,645	(10%)	2,260	(9%)
East Midlands	9,300	(8%)	2,135	(9%)
South West	8,345	(7%)	2,230	(9%)
East of England	8,045	(7%)	1,960	(8%)
North East	5,670	(5%)	1,860	(8%)
Wales	5,025	(4%)	1,360	(6%)
Scotland	1,365	(1%)	145	(1%)
Northern Ireland	770	(1%)	235	(1%)
Total	114,530		23,855	

Table 7d shows the number of unique applicants and accepted applicants by the region of the provider. It shows that the largest proportion of applicants were accepted by providers in London.

The number of Access to HE applicants accepted by each higher education provider ranged from 0 to 850. One provider accepted 4% of all accepted Access to HE Diploma applicants (850 students); 122 (58%) providers accepted fewer than 50 applicants with an Access to HE Diploma (8% of all accepted Access to HE students).

² Unique applicants number is made up of the total number of individual applications made to each university. As each student may apply to multiple universities, the number of unique applications is significantly more than the number of acceptances.

Table 7e: Accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma by an individual higher education provider

Number of applicants with an Access to HE Diploma accepted by an individual higher education provider	Number of HE providers	% of all providers	% of providers accepting Access to HE Diploma applicants	% all accepted Access to HE Diploma applicants
801-900 Total	1	0%	0%	4%
701-800 Total	0	0%	0%	0%
601-700 Total	1	0%	0%	3%
501-600 Total	5	2%	2%	11%
401-500 Total	7	3%	3%	13%
301-400 Total	20	8%	9%	28%
201-300 Total	13	5%	6%	14%
101-200 Total	18	7%	9%	11%
51-100 Total	24	9%	11%	8%
1-50 Total	122	46%	58%	8%

Applicants with an Access to HE Diploma accepted by the 20 higher education providers that accepted the most applicants with an Access to HE Diploma in the 2017 UCAS cycle accounted for 40% of all accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma.

Table 7f: Accepted applicants with an Access to HE Diploma by provider

Provider	Number of accepted Access to HE applicants	% of accepted Access to HE applicants	% of unique Access to HE applicants
Teesside University	850	4%	46%
Birmingham City University	640	3%	19%
Plymouth University	590	2%	38%
University of the West of England	555	2%	24%
University of Wolverhampton	545	2%	25%
Northumbria University	520	2%	31%
Coventry University	510	2%	20%
London South Bank University	490	2%	15%
Sheffield Hallam University	465	2%	19%
Anglia Ruskin University	455	2%	23%
University of Central Lancashire	450	2%	27%
University of Derby	450	2%	28%
De Montfort University	440	2%	22%
The University of Salford	420	2%	22%
The Manchester Metropolitan University	400	2%	18%
Liverpool John Moores University	395	2%	22%
Middlesex University	385	2%	17%
University of Bedfordshire	365	2%	29%
Bournemouth University	360	2%	20%
University of Brighton	360	2%	22%

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*QAA manages the national framework for the recognition and regulation of
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